Colorado Learning Attitudes about Science Survey for Experimental Physics (E-CLASS) Amharic

Version 2



downloaded from PhysPort.org

Developed by: Ben Zwickl and Heather Lewandowski **Amharic translation by:** Yohanes Wolde-Senbet **Format:** Pre/post, Multiple-choice, Agree/disagree

Duration: 15 minutes

Focus: Beliefs / Attitudes (affect, confidence, math-physics-data connection, physics community, uncertainty, troubleshooting,

argumentation, experimental design, modeling) **Level:** Upper-level, Intermediate, Intro college

How to give the assessment

- Administer it online through the developers' website:
 https://jila.colorado.edu/lewandowski/research/eclass-instructors-0. The developers will ask you to complete a Course Information Survey and then will set up and score the test for you.
- Give it as both a pre- and post-test. This measures student learning.
 - Give the pre-test before you cover relevant course material.
 - Give the post-test at the end of the term.
- Use the whole test, with the original wording and question order. This makes comparisons with other classes meaningful.
- Make the test required, and give credit for completing the test (but not correctness). This ensures maximum participation from your students.
- Tell your students that the test is designed to evaluate the course (not them), and that knowing how they think will help you teach better. Tell them that correctness will not affect their grades (only participation). This helps alleviate student anxiety.
- For more details, read the **PhysPort Guides** on implementation:
 - PhysPort E-CLASS implementation guide (www.physport.org/implementation/ECLASS)
 - PhysPort Expert Recommendation on Best Practices for Administering Belief Surveys (www.physport.org/expert/AdministeringBeliefSurveys/)

How to score the assessment

- The overall E-CLASS score is the percentage of questions where a student agrees with the expert response. (Dis)agree and strongly (dis)agree are counted as equivalent responses. Student responses to individual items are coded simply as favorable (+1), neutral (0), or unfavorable (-1).
- Students' overall E-CLASS score is given by the sum of their scores on the individual items on the 3-point scale described above. This results in a range of possible scores from -30 to 30 points.
- Students' numerical E-CLASS scores are determined only by their responses to the prompt targeting their personal beliefs, rather than their prediction of what an experimental physicist would say.
- Score the E-CLASS through the developers' website
 (https://jila.colorado.edu/lewandowski/research/eclass-instructors-0). Their system will score the test and prepare a report summarizing the results for your course and comparing them to other courses. You can see a sample report here: http://iilawww.colorado.edu/~eclass/-CU%20Boulder 2015 12/report.html

E-CLASS Questions (ሙከራዊ ፌዚክስ መጠይቆች) Colorado Learning Attitudes about Science Survey for Experimental Physics ሙከራዊ ፌዚክስን አስመልክቶ የኮሎራዶ የሣይንስ ትምህርት ዝንባሌ ቅኝት

Developed by Ben Zwickl and Heather Lewandowski E-CLASS, 2013, version 2.

©Translation version of E-CLASS Questions List in Amharic.

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Comments and questions may be directed to Yohanes Wolde-Senbet.

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Each of the prompts in the list below is followed by the following two questions and response options:

	Strongly disagree	1	2	3	4	5	Strongly agree
What do YOU think when doing experiments for class?		0	0	0	0	0	
What would an experimental physicist say about their research?		0	0	0	0	0	

ከዚህ በታች የተዘረዘሩት መጠይቆች የሚከተሉትን ሁለት የጥያቄዎችና መልስ አጣራጮች የሚከተሉ ናቸው።

	በጣም አልስጣም	1	2	3	4	5	በጣም እስጣጣለሁ
ለክፍል ሙከራ ስትሰራ/ሪ ምን ይሰማሃል/ሻል?		О	О	О	О	О	
የሙከራዊ ሬዚክስ ሙያተኞች ስለምርምሮቻቸው ምን ይሳሉ?		0	0	0	0	0	

E-CLASS prompts (ሙከራዊ ፌዚክስ ጥያቄዎች)

No.	Statements	1	2	3	4	5
ተ. ቁ	አረፍተ ሀሳብ					
Q1	When doing an experiment, I try to understand how the experimental setup	O	0	O	0	0
	works.					
ጥ1	የሣይንስ ሙከራ በምሰራበት ጊዜ የሙከራው ዝግጅት/setup/ እንዴት እንደሚሰራ ለመረዳት					
	እምክራለሁ።					
Q2	If I wanted to, I think I could be good at research.	0	0	0	0	0
T 2	ፍላንቱ ካለኝ በምርምር ጥሩ እንደምሆን አስባለሁ።					
Q3	When doing a physics experiment, I don't think much about sources of	0	0	0	0	0
	systematic error.					
T 3	የሬዚክስ ሙከራ በማከናውንበት ጊዜ ስለሥርዓታዊ /systematic/ ስህተቶች ምንጮች እምብዛም					
	አልጨነቀም።					
Q4	If I am communicating results from an experiment, my main goal is	0	0	0	0	0
	to create a report with the correct sections and formatting.					
T 4	ከአንድ ሙከራ ውጤቶችን በማገናኝበት ጊዜ የኔ ዋንኛ ግብ ሪፖርቱን በትክክለኛ ክፍሎቹና አቀራረቦቹ					
	ማዘጋጀት ነው።					
Q5	Calculating uncertainties usually helps me understand my results better.	0	0	0	0	0
T 5	እርግጠናነትን ከወዲሁ ጣስላት ሁሌም ስለጣገኘው ውጤት ጥሩ ግንዛቤ እንዲኖረኝ ይረዳናል።					

No.	Statements አረፍተ ሀሳብ	1	2	3	4	5
Q6 т6	Scientific journal articles are helpful for answering my own questions and designing experiments. የሣይንስ ህትመቶች በአዕምሮዬ ውስጥ የሚብላሉ ጥያቄዎችን በመመለስና የማከናውነውን ምርምር በመንደፍ ረገድ ጠቃሚ ናቸው።	0	0	0	0	0
Q7 T 7	I don't enjoy physics experiments. የሬዚክስ ሙከራዎች አያስደስቱኝም።	0	0	0	0	O
Q8 T8	When doing an experiment, I try to understand the relevant equations. ሙከራዎችን በማከናውበት ጊዜ ጠቃሚ እኩልታዎችን/equations/ ለመረዳት ፕረት አደርጋለሁ።	O	0	0	0	0
Q9 т9	When I approach a new piece of lab equipment, I feel confident I can learn how to use it well enough for my purposes. አንድ አዲስ የቤተሙከራ ቁሳቁስ ሲያጋጥመኝ ይህንን ዕቃ ለምፈልገው አገልግሎት በሚገባ በማዋል ረገድ ስለአጢቃቀሙ መረዳት እችላለሁ የሚል የራስ የሙተማመን ስሜት አሳድራለሁ።	0	0	0	0	0
Q10 T 10	Whenever I use a new measurement tool, I try to understand its performance limitations. አዲስ የልኬት መሣሪያ በምጠቀምበት ጊዜ የክንዋኔ ውሱ ንንቶቹን/limitations/ ለመረዳት ሕምክራለሁ።	0	0	0	O	0
Q11 T11	Computers are helpful for plotting and analyzing data. ጭብጦችን በማቀነባበር በመተንተንና በስዕል በማቅረብ ረገድ ኮምፒተሮች ጠቃሚ ናቸው።	0	0	0	O	0
Q12	I don't need to understand how the measurement tools and sensors work in order to carry out an experiment.	0	0	0	0	0
T 12	ሙከራ በማከናወን ረንድ የልኬት መሣሪዎችና መከታተያዎች/sensor/ እንኤት እንደሚሰሩ መረዳት አይጠበቅብኝም።					
Q13 T13	If I try hard enough, I can succeed at doing physics experiments. ተገቢውን ጥረት ካደረባሁ የፊዚክስ ሙከራዎችን በማከናወን ረገድ ውጤታጣ መሆን እቸላለሁ።	O	0	0	0	0
Q14 T14	When doing an experiment, I usually think up my own questions to investigate. ሙከራ በማከናውበት ጊዜ ሁሌም የራሴን ጥያቄዎች በመከታተሉ ላይ አተኩራለሁ።	0	0	O	0	0
Q15	Designing and building things is an important part of doing physics experiments. የሬዚክስ ሙከራ ለማከናወን ንድፍ ማውጣትና ነገሮችን ማደራጀት ጠቃሚ ክፍሎች ናቸው።	0	0	O	0	0
Q16	The primary purpose of doing physics experiments is to confirm previously known results. የሬዚክስ ሙከራ ጠቀሜታ ከዚህ ቀደም የታወቁ ውጤቶችን ለማረ <i>ጋገ</i> ጥ ነው።	0	0	O	0	0
т16 Q17	When I encounter difficulties in the lab, my first step is to ask an expert,	0	0	0	0	0
ተ 17	like the instructor. ቤተ-ሙከራ ውስጥ አስቸጋሪ ሁኔታዎች ሲያጋጥሙኝ በመጀመሪያ ደረጃ እንደ መምህር የመሳሰሉ ባለሙያዎችን እጠይቃለሁ።					
Q18 T18	Communicating scientific results to peers is a valuable part of doing physics experiments. ጠቃሚ የሬዚክስ ሙከራን በመሥራት ረገድ የተገኙትን ሣይንሳዊ ውጤቶች ለአቻ መባለፅ አንዱ ጠቃሚ ክፍል ነው።	0	0	0	0	0
Q19 T19	Working in a group is an important part of doing physics experiments. የፊዚክስ ሙከራ ሲከናወን የቡድን ሥራ የስራው አስፈላጊ ታሳቢ ነው።	0	0	0	0	0
Q20 T20	I enjoy building things and working with my hands. ነገሮችን ሳደራጅና ሳከናውን በእጅ መሥራቱ ያስደስተኛል።	0	0	0	O	0

No.	Statements	1	2	3	4	5
ተ. ቁ	አረፍተ ሀሳብ					
Q21	I am usually able to complete an experiment without understanding the equations and physics ideas that describe the system I am investigating.	0	0	0	0	0
T 21	ሁሴም አንድን ሥርዓት የሚገልጽ እኩልታዎችንና/equations/ የሬዚክስ ሃሳቦችን ሳልረዳ ሙከራዎችን ማጠናቀቅ እችላለሁ።					
Q22	If I am communicating the results from an experiment, my main goal is	0	0	0	0	0
т22	to make conclusions based on my data using scientific reasoning. ከአንድ ሙከራ ላይ ውጤቶችን በምገልጽበት ጊዜ የኔ ዋና ግብ በጭብጦቹ ላይ በመመርኮዝ በሣይንሳዊው አመንክንዮ ጣጢቃለያውን መሥራት ነው።					
Q23	When doing an experiment, I try to make predictions to see if my results are reasonable.	0	0	0	0	0
т23	ምርምርን በማከናወንበት ጊዜ ውጤቶቹ ምክንያታዊ ስለመሆናቸው ለመረዳት ትንቢያ ለማድረግ እምክራለሁ።					
Q24	Nearly all students are capable of doing physics experiments if they work at	O	0	0	O	0
	it.					
π24	በፊዚክስ ምርምር ላይ ካተኮሩበት ከሞላ ንደል ሁሉም ተማሪዎች መሥራት አይሳናቸውም።					
Q25	A common approach for fixing a problem with an experiment is to	O	O	O	O	O
m25	randomly change things until the problem goes away.					
т25	ቸግሮችን በሙከራ ለጣስወንድ/fixing/ የተለመደው አንባብ ችግሩ አስኪወንድ ድረስ ነንሮችን በዘፈቀደ ጣቀያየር ነው።					
Q26	It is helpful to understand the assumptions that go into making	0	0	0	0	O
	predictions.					
т26	ትንቢያዎችን ለመስጠት እሳቤዎችን መረዳት ጠቃሚ ነው።					
Q27	When doing an experiment, I just follow the instructions without thinking	0	0	0	0	O
	about their purpose.					
т27	አንድን ሙከራ በማከናውንበት ጊዜ ጠቃሚነቱን ባለማገናዘብ የተቀመጡትን መመሪያዎች እከተላለሁ።	_				
Q28	I do not expect doing an experiment to help my understanding of physics.	O	0	O	0	O
T28	የሬዚክስ ዕውቀቴን በተመለከተ ሙከራ ማከናወን ይረዳኛል ብዬ አልጠብቅም።					
Q29	If I don't have clear directions for analyzing data, I am not sure how to	O	O	0	O	0
т29	choose an appropriate analysis method. ጭብጦቸን ለመተንተን ግልጽ አቅጣጫ ከሌለኝ ተገቢውን የትንተና ዘዴ በመምረጥ ረገድ እርግጠኛ አልሆንም።					
Q30 T30	Physics experiments contribute to the growth of scientific knowledge. ለሣይንስ ዕውቀት ማደባ የፊዚክስ ሙከራዎች አስተዋፅዎ አላቸው።	0	0	0	0	0